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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/532,692	01/03/2006	Hiroaki Koyama	CSP-114-A	2670
	7590 03/20/200 CKMAN AND ASSO	EXAM	EXAMINER	
24101 NOVI ROAD SUITE 100 NOVI, MI 48375			LIN, ING HOUR	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1725	
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MON	ITHS	03/20/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/532,692	KOYAMA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Ing-Hour Lin	1725			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 D	<u>ecember 2006</u> .				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims	•				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1 and 3-12 is/are pending in the applitude 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1 and 3-12 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	_				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 1 and 3-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either Komatsu et al or Horvath in view of Kumpula.

Komatsu et al (col. 1, lines 56+) substantially teaches the claimed die and the method of manufacturing the casting die, comprising the use of a gate 5 and a die main body (core pin 4) of an anneal alloy tool steel (SKD 61) having a wall surface for defining a bend or curved mold cavity and a cavity forming member or an insert (a metal carbide layer) disposed or embedded on the main body. Horvath (col. 3, lines 1+) substantially teaches the claimed die and the method of manufacturing the casting die, comprising the use of a gate 14 and die main body (steel mounting blocks 16,17) of air hardened or high speed steel, or equivalent to steel (SKD 61)

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having a wall surface for defining a mold cavity and a cavity forming member or an insert (carbide inserts 19, 20) disposed or embedded on the main body. Either Komatsu et al or Horvath fails to teach the use of better steel for the insert.

However, Kumpula (col. 2, lines 62+) teaches the use of better steel such as maraging steel served as material of mold or die parts (inserts) for the purpose of effectively improving the thermal stability and mechanical properties of the die parts. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide either Komatsu et al or Horvath the use of better steel for the insert as taught by Kumpula in order to effectively reduce the hot corrosion and stress impact due to the casting molten aluminum.

4. Claims 5-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either Komatsu et al or Horvath in view of Kumpula and further in view of White et al.

Either Komatsu et al or Horvath in view of Kumpula fails to teach the use of welding in depositing the maraging steel as insert.

However, White et al (col. 2, lines 15+) teach the maraging steels can be sprayed or formed into tool parts by arc-welding for the purpose of effectively producing tool parts without using machining method, wherein the maraging steels are well been hardened and difficult to be machined. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide either Komatsu et al or Horvath in view of Kumpula the use of welding method as taught by White et al in order to effectively to form insert on the mold surface the die main body.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 3-12 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ing-Hour Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1180. The

examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:00-5:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Pat Ryan can be reached on 571-272-1292. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

3-16-07

KEVIN KERNS / Levin Jems 3/16/07